Good morning! We have been notified that one NCC student has tested positive for H1N1. As you may know, flu can be spread easily from person to person. Therefore, we are taking steps to prevent the spread of flu at Northwest Iowa Community College for as long as possible. We are working closely with Sioux County Public Health to monitor flu conditions and make decisions about the best steps to take concerning our institution. We will keep you updated with new information as it becomes available to us.

For now, we are doing everything we can to keep our institution operating as usual. Here are a few things you can do to help:

- **Practice good hand hygiene** by washing your hands with soap and water, especially after coughing or sneezing. Alcohol-based hand cleaners also are effective.
- **Practice respiratory etiquette** by covering your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze. If you don't have a tissue, cough or sneeze into your elbow or shoulder, not into your hands. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, or mouth; germs are spread this way.
- Know the signs and symptoms of the flu. A fever is a temperature taken with a thermometer that is equal to or greater than 100 degrees Fahrenheit or 38 degrees Celsius. Look for possible signs of fever: if the person feels very warm, has a flushed appearance, or is sweating or shivering. The fever can be accompanied by a cough or sore throat. You may also have a runny nose, body aches, a headache, tiredness, diarrhea, or vomiting.
- Stay home if you have flu or flu-like illness for at least 24 hours after you no longer have a fever (100 degrees Fahrenheit or 38 degrees Celsius) or signs of a fever (have chills, feel very warm, have a flushed appearance, or are sweating). This should be determined without the use of fever-reducing medications (any medicine that contains ibuprofen or acetaminophen). Don't go to class or work but notify your instructor/s or supervisor. Additional guidelines will be provided to students living in NCC housing.
- Talk with your health care providers about whether you should be vaccinated for seasonal flu. Also if you are at higher risk for flu complications from 2009 H1N1 flu, you should consider getting the H1N1 vaccine when it becomes available. People at higher risk for 2009 H1N1 flu complications include pregnant women and people with chronic medical conditions (such as asthma, heart disease, or diabetes). For more information about priority groups for vaccination, visit www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu/vaccination/acip.htm < http://www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu/vaccination/acip.htm.

For more information about flu in our community and what our institution is doing, visit the following URL on the College website http://www.nwicc.edu/pages/resources/services.html or call 800.352.4907.

For the most up-to-date information on flu, visit www.flu.gov < http://www.flu.gov/>, or call 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636).

We will notify you by e-mail, RAVE – electronic communication, the NCC Website, and the Nine Signs of any additional changes to our institution's strategy to prevent the spread of flu on our campus. If you have additional questions do not hesitate to contact me.

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